

# **Country Snapshot**



# **Philippines**

#### **General Information**

Capital: Manila Global Competitiveness Index Ranking (Out of 141): 64 Population (m): 114 Corruption Perceptions Index Ranking: (Out of 180): 115 Philippine peso Ease of Doing Busniess Ranking (Out of 190): 95 Local Currency: 73 Exchange Rate (LCU:US\$): 56 Economic Freedom Ranking (Out of 180): Head of State: Enabling Trade Ranking (Out of 136): 82 President - Bongbong Marcos

Recent Economic Indicators	2022	2023	2024f	2025f	
Real GDP Growth (% change YOY)	7.6	5.7	6.2	6.6	
GDP (Bn\$, current prices)	404	436	476	522	
Unemployment Rate (% yearly)	5.4	4.7	5.1	5.1	
Inflation (Av)	6	6	3	3	

#### **Principal Export Destinations**

China 16%, United States 14%, Japan 12%, Hong Kong 12%

### **Principal Export Commodities**

integrated circuits, office machine parts, insulated wiring, semiconductors

## **Principal Import Destinations**

China 34%, Japan 7%, South Korea 6%, United States 6%, S Indonesia 6%

#### **Principal Import Commodities**

integrated circuits, refined petroleum, cars, crude petroleum

#### **Key View**

We think that real GDP growth will continue to accelerate gradually over the coming quarters on the back of a pick-up in household spending and we forecast the economy to expand by 6.2% in 2024.

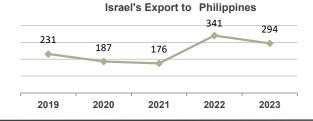
Contrary to government projections for a narrowing of the current account deficit, we forecast it to widen from 2.6% of GDP in 2023 to 2.8% in 2024. Weak external demand will limit the rebound in merchandise exports while the boost to the services account from tourism receipts will likely fade.

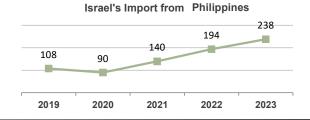
The good news is that foreign direct investment inflows will likely pick up in H2 2024 as global monetary conditions ease.

Risks to our growth forecast hinge largely on the outlook for the global economy. If the US were to successfully avoid a recession in 2024, this would help bolster Philippine export performance. In the same vein, a better-than-expected economic performance by the Chinese economy will also have a similar impact on the Philippine external sector.

The biggest uncertainty surrounds the severity of El-Nino weather conditions. Similar events are often accompanied by periods of higher food prices. While we have factored this into our projections, things could still deteriorate further.

Israel's Goods Trade Relations with	<b>Philippines</b>		
		M\$	% Change
Export		294	-14%
Import		238	23%
Total trade (export + import)		532	
Trade Balance (export - import)		56	





# The Main Sectors of Goods Trade between Israel and

<u>Export</u>			<u>Impo</u>	<u>Import</u>			
Sector	M\$	% Share	% Change	Sector	M\$	% Share	% Change
Machinery, Electrical equipment	129	44%	-9%	Machinery, Electrical equipmen	179	75%	33%
Vessels	54	18%	100%	Machinery, Mechanic equipmen	31	13%	16%
Articles Of Iron	49	17%	80%	Optic Machinery	8	4%	22%
Machinery, Mechanic equipment	22	8%	59%	Fruit And Nuts	5	2%	-30%
Optic Machinery	18	6%	-8%	Footwear	2	1%	-12%

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<sup>\*</sup> Jan 2024